

Information Q1:

May 3rd acts as a reminder to governments of the need to respect their commitment to press freedom and it is also a day of reflection among media professionals about issues of press freedom and professional ethics. Just as importantly,

World Press Freedom Day is a day of support for media which are targets for the restraint, or abolition, of press freedom. It is also a day of remembrance for those journalists who lost their lives in the pursuit of a story.

Information Q2:

UNESCO is the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. It seeks to build peace through international cooperation in Education, the Sciences and Culture. UNESCO's founding vision was born in response to racism and anti-Semitism that flourished during the WW2.

Today, UNESCO's work is as relevant as never. Cultural diversity is under attack and new forms of intolerance, rejection of scientific facts and threats to freedom of expression challenge peace and human rights.

Information Q3:

On the World Press Freedom Day, a conference takes place, which serves as an occasion to inform citizens of violations of press freedom. It also is a reminder that in dozens of countries around the world, publications are censored, fined, suspended and closed down, while journalists and publishers are attacked, detained and even murdered.

Information Q4:

From 1993 on, every year, UNESCO and several media professionals, set a theme, which will be featured on the World Press Freedom Day.

This year's World Press Freedom Day theme "Information as a Public Good" serves as a call to affirm the importance of cherishing information as a public good, and exploring what can be done in the production, distribution and reception of content to strengthen journalism, and to advance transparency and empowerment while leaving no one behind. The theme is of urgent relevance to all countries across the world. It recognizes the changing communications system that is impacting our health, our human rights, democracies and sustainable development.

Information Q5:

UNESCO supports open Internet that is accessible to all, and respects human rights. It also encourages multi-stakeholder governance structure and Internet Universality.

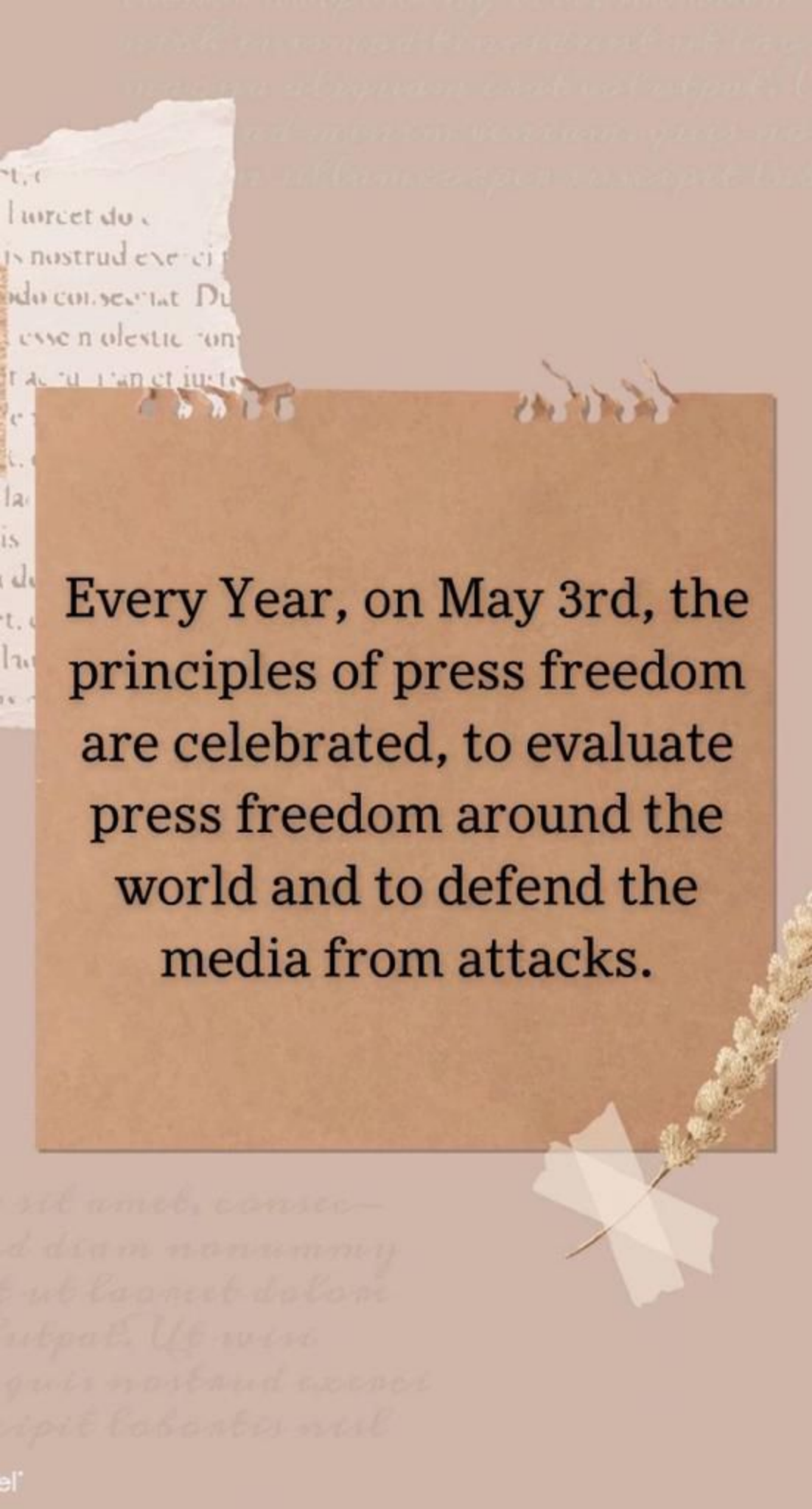
Information Q6:

What does the ranking measure?

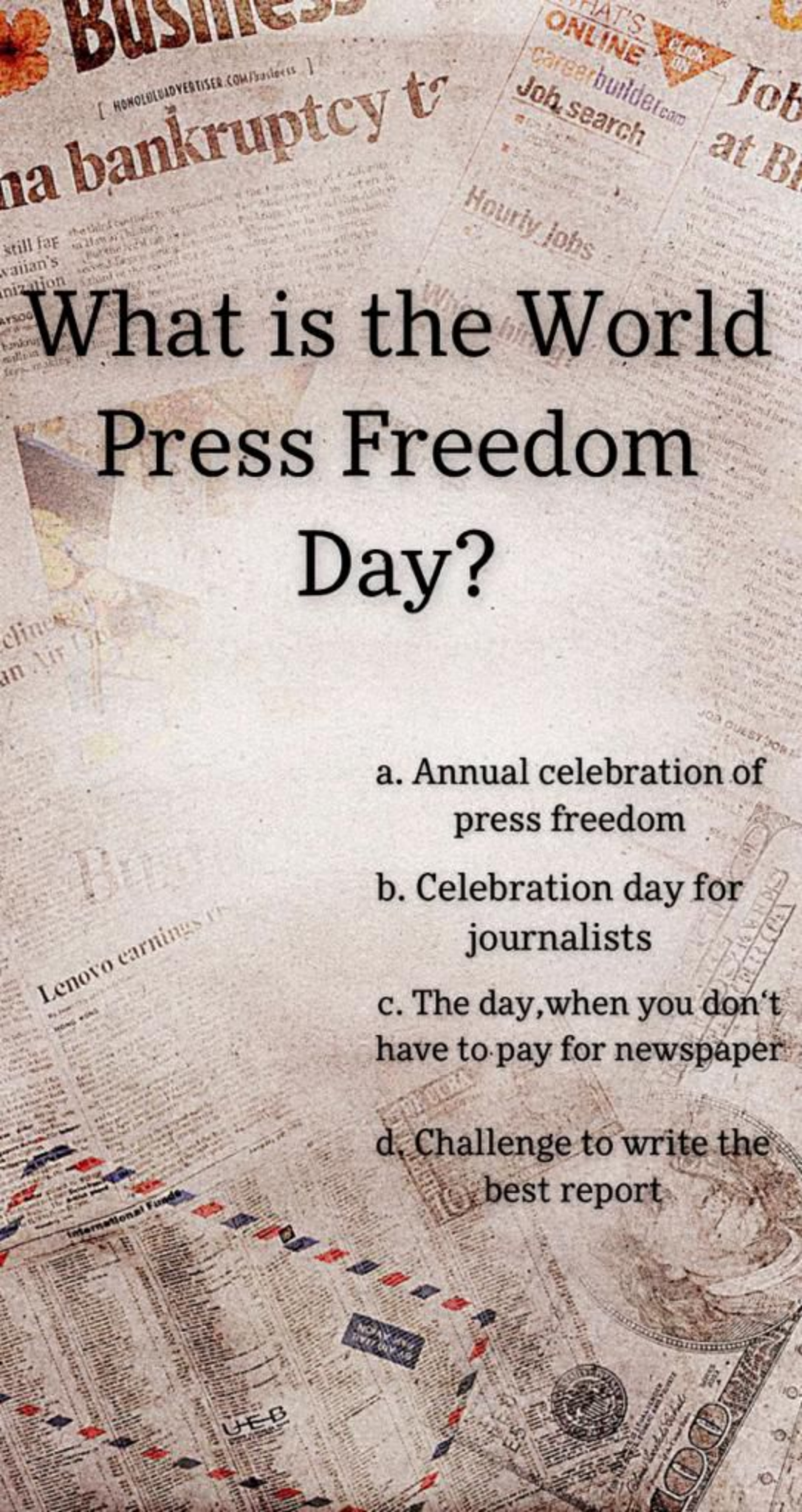
The Index ranks 180 countries and regions according to the level of freedom available to journalists. It is a snapshot of the media freedom situation based on an evaluation of pluralism, independence of the media, quality of legislative framework and safety of journalists in each country and region.

How Austria performed:

Austria levelled up, in comparison to last year, where we've been on the 18th place, but a few years ago we have had already reached the 11th Rank. This loss of Press Freedom refers to the more and more growing involvement of the Government in the media. Additionally, due Covid-19, the violation against the media, according to Corona- Reports, has grown drastically.



Every Year, on May 3rd, the principles of press freedom are celebrated, to evaluate press freedom around the world and to defend the media from attacks.

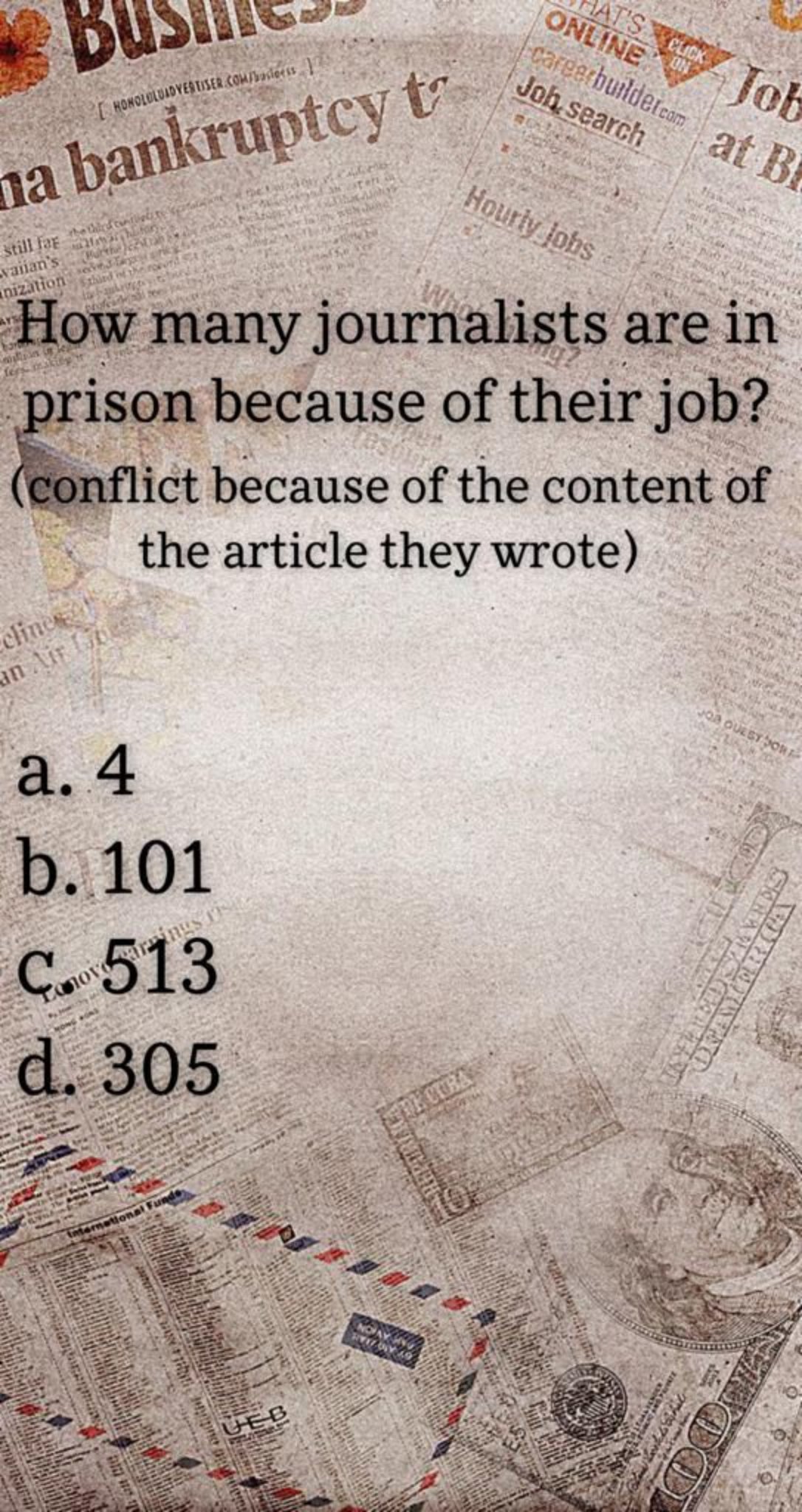


What is the World Press Freedom Day?

- a. Annual celebration of press freedom
- b. Celebration day for journalists
- c. The day, when you don't have to pay for newspaper
- d. Challenge to write the best report

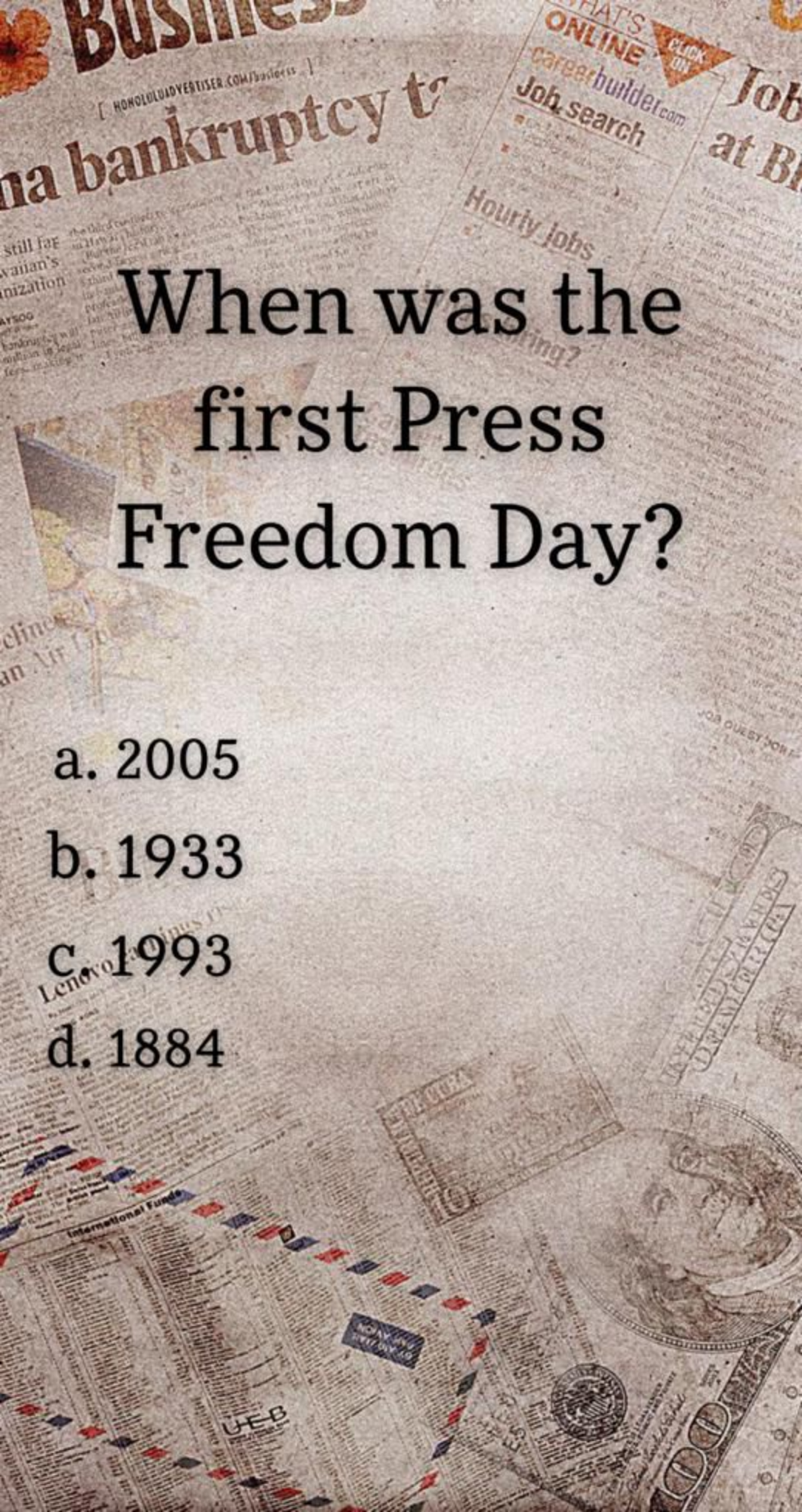
Who organises the World Press Freedom Day?

- a. UNICEF
- b. World Press Freedom Organisation
- c. UNESCO
- d. United Charity



How many journalists are in prison because of their job? (conflict because of the content of the article they wrote)

- a. 4
- b. 101
- c. 513
- d. 305



When was the first Press Freedom Day?

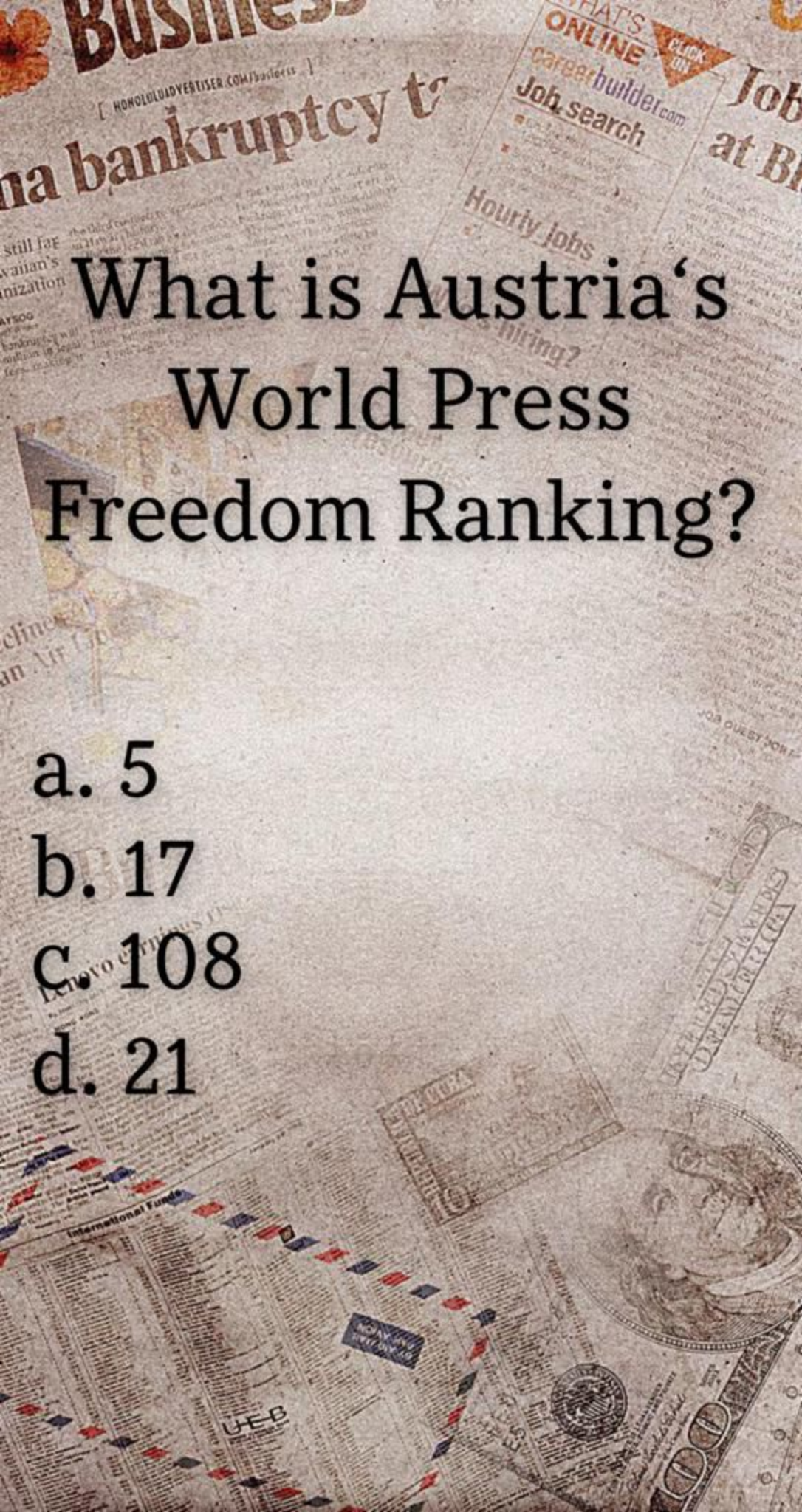
- a. 2005
- b. 1933
- c. 1993
- d. 1884

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Internet diversity is promoted by UNESCO and based on the ROAM Principles.

What do they stand for?

- a. Human-Rights-based, Objective, Affordable, Multi-literal
- b. Human-Rights-based, Objective, Accessible to all, nurtured by Multi-stakeholder participation
- c. Research-based, Objective, Affordable, Multi-literal
- d. Rights, Openness, Affordable, Morally correct



What is Austria's World Press Freedom Ranking?

- a. 5
- b. 17
- c. 108
- d. 21

sources:

<https://en.unesco.org/>

<https://www.reporter-ohne-grenzen.de/barometer/2021>

<https://www.reporter-ohne-grenzen.de/rangliste/rangliste-2021>

<https://en.unesco.org/commemorations/worldpressfreedomday>

<https://rsf.org/en/news/rsf-index-2021-regional-analysis>

<https://en.unesco.org/commemorations/worldpressfreedomday/2020/faqs>

<https://en.unesco.org/commemorations/worldpressfreedomday/2018>